	30 May 1954
	Copy No. 80
DOCUMENT NO. SOLUTION OF CHANGE IN CLASS. OF CLASS CHANGED TO: TS SOLUTION OF CLASS CHANGED TO: TS) C
Office of Current In	
	AGENCY ARC

25X1A

25X1A

SUMMARY

FAR EAST

- 1. Yoshida seeks American economic aid and close co-operation on China policy (page 3).
- 2. Comment on Formosa air alert (page 3).

SOUTHEAST ASIA

- 3. French in Saigon see indications of early assault on Tonkin delta (page 4).
- 4. Communists may want northern Laos for extension of "pan-Thai" movement (page 4).

SOUTH ASIA

5. Karachi to impose 'governor's rule' in East Pakistan (page 6).

NEAR EAST - AFRICA

6. Egyptian officials bitter over US failure to obtain British action on Suez (page 7).

EASTERN EUROPE

7. Disagreement over area of applicability may slow development of Balkan Pact (page 8).

LATIN AMERICA

25X1

25X1

10. Guatemalan Communist leader relieved of his post (page 10).

Approved For Release 2004/03/11: CIA-RDP79T00975A001600050001-8

FAR EAST

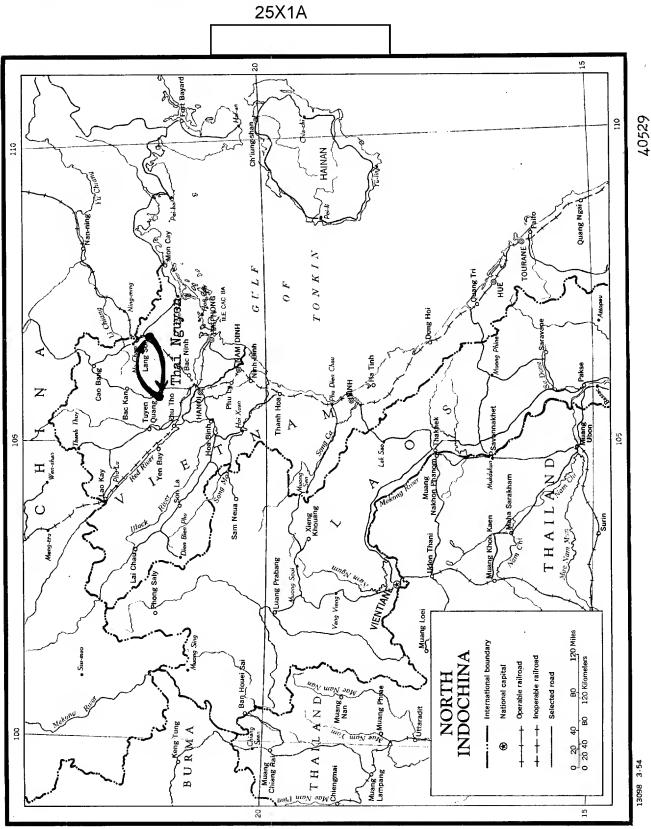
	1. 25X1A	Yoshida seeks American economic aid and close co-operation on China policy:
		Prime Minister Yoshida told Ambassador Allison in Tokyo on 27 May that on his forth- coming visit to the United States and Britain he will press the argument that close tripar- tite co-operation on China policy can accelerate the separation of Commu- nist China from the Soviet Union. He insists that Japan is in the best posi- tion to understand the Chinese and to develop China policy. He also re- peated previous intimations that his continuation in power depended on his obtaining American economic aid when he visits the United States in June.
25X1		
	25X1A ² .	Comment on Formosa air alert:
		Although the Chinese Nationalist air force commander has said that the "red" air alert on Formosa of 29 May was not a practice alert, it is still possible that this incident merely represents a Nationalist attempt to underline the need for increased American assistance.
25X1		A raid, like that described by the Nationalists, would be within Chinese Communist capabilities. If it occurred as reported it might have been an effort to discover the extent of Nationalist air defense capabilities and to test the reaction of the Nationalist and American forces to the threat of a raid.
,		
5-		0

SOUTHEAST ASIA

	3.	French in Saigon see indications of early assault on Tonkin delta:
25X	1A ,	Two Viet Minh regiments recently at Langson on their way to China for training have been ordered back to the Thai Nguyen area, the American army attaché in Saigon reports (see map, p. 5).
		The attaché comments that the French see in this recall a possible indication of a major attack on the delta. Also, he says, the French now believe that Viet Minh recruits, in training near the delta, will be used to bring Viet Minh units arriving from Dien Bien Phu up to full strength rapidly.
		The recruits in training near the delta could be used to fill out the depleted Dien Bien Phu divisions or could be formed into new regular units. The French had previously believed that if the battalions were formed into regular units, they would not be committed to battle this summer.
25X1		
	4. 25X1A	Communists may want northern Laos for extension of "pan-Thai" movement:
		The Communists' insistence on maintaining Viet Minh forces in Laos and Cambodia may be moti- vated by a desire to take over northern Laos,
	. L	, - 4 -

25X1Å Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001600050001-**8**0 May 54

Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A004600050001-8



25X1A Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001600050001-8 25X1

25X1

				This	would be	e a step	in a ''pai	n-Thai"	move-
ment exploit	ing t	he Thai	people	es of no	orthwest	V ietnan	n, Laos,	Thaila	ind
and Burma.		•							

25X1

Comment: There is a racial identity and cultural affinity among the peoples of Thailand, Laos, western Tonkin, southern Yunnan and the Shan States of Burma. Many observers believe that Peiping's establishment of the Thai Autonomous Area in the southernmost part of Yunnan in February 1953 was intended as the first step toward the creation of a Greater Thai State, which would attract Thais of all nationalities.

SOUTH ASIA

25×10^{5} .	Karachi	to impose	"governor's	rule" in	East P	akistan:
20/\ I/\						

absolutely necessary.

The Pakistani government has decided to impose 'governor's rule''--direct rule by the provincial governor acting on instructions from Karachi--in East Pakistan, according

to Prime Minister Mohammad Ali. Defense Secretary Iskander Mirza has been designated governor; his first task will be to arrest known Communists.

The central government hopes to win over the people of East Pakistan by a stepped-up radio information program and by the distribution of food, cloth and certain other necessities. It envisages restoration of parliamentary rule within one year.

Martial law is not to be imposed unless

Comment: The imposition of governor's rule after the smashing defeat of the Moslem League in the recent elections in East Pakistan will almost certainly lead to increased friction between the eastern and western parts of the country, but the central government is considered capable of maintaining order.

- 6 -

The appointment of an individual as important as Mirza, who has been a strong force in the central government, indicates the seriousness with which Karachi views the situation in East Bengal.

NEAR EAST - AFRICA

25X1A ⁶ .	Egyptian officials bitter over US failure to obtain British action on Suez:
	Prime Minister Nasr's chef de cabinet for political affairs and the Egyptian member of the Sudan Governor General's Commissionboth of whom are pro-Westhave expressed
'	bitterness to an American embassy official at the failure of the United States to obtain British action on the Suez canal base. They state that

States to obtain British action on the Suez canal base. They state that Nasr is incensed over the fact that the British have not even replied to his offer of five months ago to make a major concession on future availability of the base.

The two officials warned that events in Southeast Asia are having strong repercussions in Egypt and that the tide of neutralist sentiment is rising. They maintained that positive action alone could divert this present adverse trend and that the Egyptian regime, faced with continued British obduracy and an American wait-and-see attitude, might be "forced to seek alignment with Delhi and Djakarta."

Ambassador Caffery comments that the disillusionment expressed by these two officials is typical of the low state of morale among many of the West's best friends. The ambassador again warns that "time is running out" for the West to reach a solution of the base question.

	25X1A			
Approved For Rel	ase 2004/03/11	: CIA-RDP79T0	00975A00	15 00050001-8

EASTERN EUROPE

25X1A	7.	Disagreement over area of applicability may slow development of Balkan Pact:
23/(1/4		Both Yugoslavia and Turkey now wish to extend the area of applicability which would be included when the Balkan Pact is transformed into a military alliance, according to Director General Kyrou of the Greek Foreign Office. Yugoslavia requests an amendment to include attacks through Rumania and Hungary, and the Turks desire that Asian Turkey be included if the Yugoslav proposal is accepted.
:		The original assumption was that the alliance's automatic commitment would apply only to an attack by or through Bulgaria.
		While Greece favors the inclusion of Rumania and Hungary in the formula, it opposes the Turkish amendment on the ground that it would destroy all hope of the "eventual harmonization" of the Balkan and NATO alliances. Kyrou thinks these differences of opinion may accomplish the delay in formalizing the alliance which the United States and Britain sought in their recent demarches at Athens and Belgrade.
		Sion of Asian Turkey is puzzling, since that area is covered by the North Atlantic Treaty.
25X1A		The Western powers have expressed the hope that any communique issued after Tito's forthcoming visit to Athens be so worded as not to arouse Italian public opinion and thus jeopardize a Trieste settlement.
25X1		
·		

•	r	Approved For Release 2004/03/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001600050001-8	
25X1A		25	5X1
25V4A	10.	Guatemalan Communist leader relieved of his post:	
25X1A		Jose Manuel Fortuny was relieved on 26 May as secretary general of the Guatemalan Labor (Communist) Party because of illness, according to the party's newspaper. His temporary successor is to be Bernardo Alvarado Monzon, who has held the second ranking post in the party.	
		An unconfirmed report adds that Fortuny is to undergo an operation, possibly in Europe.	
••		Comment: Fortuny's "illness" may be an excuse to confer with international Communist leaders. He last returned from Moscow in January 1954, after spending about two months in the USSF	₹.
		The party's founder and its leader since 1947, Fortuny is closely identified with the successful policy of bringing the party openly into the political arena and forging it into an influential mass-supported political organization. His close personal ties with President Arbenz have, to a great extent, made this possible.	
	1	Alvarado Monzon, his 30-year old successor, has been closely associated with Fortuny since 1949, but lacks the latter's stature.	

25X1A